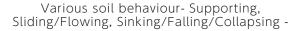
## KUWANO LAB.





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#### Mechanisms of various ground behaviours

#### Supporting

Ground = Soil plays an important role in supporting structures. It consists of soil particles such as sand/clay and water in the void spaces. The mechanical behaviour of soil is influenced by a variety of factors. including particle size, shape, interlocking, soil structures, water content, drainage conditions, confining pressure and etc. Mechanisms of stress transfer in soil are explored by experiments and numerical analysis.

DEM analysis of stress transfer in Investigation of the effect of particle morphology

### Sliding/Flowing

Ground that is normally stable can change drastically when stimulated by earthquakes or heavy rainfall, causing severe ground disasters such as mudslides, landslides and liquefaction.



Ultra-high pore structure soil (porous volcanic pumice with water inside) that underwent slip and flow resulting from the Hokkaido Iburi Tobu earthquake (2018)

# Sinking/Falling/Collapsing

#### Internal erosion due to the flow of ground water



Formation of small cavity due to erosion

Erosion progressed. Cavity and surrounding loosened area expand

Failure of cavity ceilina

By repetition of erosion and failure of cavity ceiling. a cavity moves upward



Sinkhole caused by internal erosion in volcanic "Shirasu" layer in Miyakonojo, Miyazaki (Sept. 2016)

# Leakage of unbounded soil through a hole

level flows with water through near the ground surface. the hole. A cavity can expand.

Soil below the ground water Ceiling of the cavity reaches Collapse of the soil above the cavity



by laboratory model test

