

# WILDE LAB.

## Dynamics of Water and Ice on Cold Surfaces



Department of Fundamental Engineering  
Social Collaboration Program: Frost Protection Science

Surface Physical Chemistry

[https://www.iis.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/research/department\\_center/frost-protection-science/](https://www.iis.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/research/department_center/frost-protection-science/)

### Molecular Perspective on Frost Formation on Cold Surfaces

Frost formation – the growth of ice films from water vapor on cold surfaces – a daily life phenomenon that seriously obstructs heat transfer at refrigerated surfaces, is still not well understood at the molecular level. This laboratory employs (ultra)-high vacuum experimental techniques to reveal fundamental molecular interactions and (de-)sublimation dynamics in interfacial water and ice films on solid surfaces, especially of well-defined oxides as model systems for naturally oxidized metals. We clarify how the chemical constitution, atomic structure, and macroscopic wetting properties of the surface influence interfacial water-ice phase transitions and the crystallization kinetics of amorphous solid water films prepared at cryogenic temperatures.

#### ◆ Key Experimental Techniques & Information Gain

- ✓ *Low Energy Electron Diffraction (LEED)*: → Atomic Surface Structure (Periodicity) of Substrate and Thin Ice Films
- ✓ *Thermal Desorption Spectroscopy (TDS)*: →  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  Sublimation/De-sublimation Kinetics • Energies of Desorption and Intermolecular Interactions between  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  molecules in Interfacial Water/Ice Layers
- ✓ IsoThermal Desorption Analysis (ITDA): → Crystallization Kinetics of Amorphous Solid Water Films
- ✓ *Nuclear Reaction Analysis (NRA)*: → Hydrogen Depth Profiling with Nanometer Resolution • Quantification of Surface Hydroxyl (OH) Coverages • Thermal Stability, Depth Distribution and Diffusion of (O)H in Surface Oxide Layers

