

KOHNO LAB.

Mimic and Analyze the Brain



Department of Informatics and Electronics
LIMMS/CNRS-IIS (IRL2820) International Collaborative Research Center

Neuromimetic Systems

Department of Electrical Engineering and Information Systems,
Graduate School of Engineering/
Department of Mathematical Informatics, GSIST

<https://www.neumis.iis.u-tokyo.ac.jp>

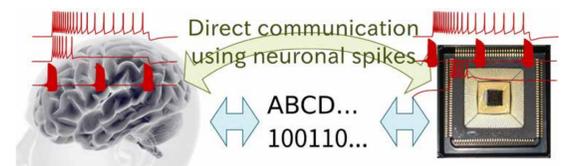
Silicon Neuronal Networks

~Electronic circuit copies the nervous system~

Silicon neuronal network is electronic circuit composed of electronic circuit versions of neuronal cells and synapses. It reproduces electro-physiological activities in the nervous system in real-time or faster.

Final goal is to realize **“Brain-compatible AI”**

Capable of direct communication with the brain without symbols or languages. Efficiently deal non-linguistic information: sensations and sense.



Efficient learning with small amount of data similarly to the brain.

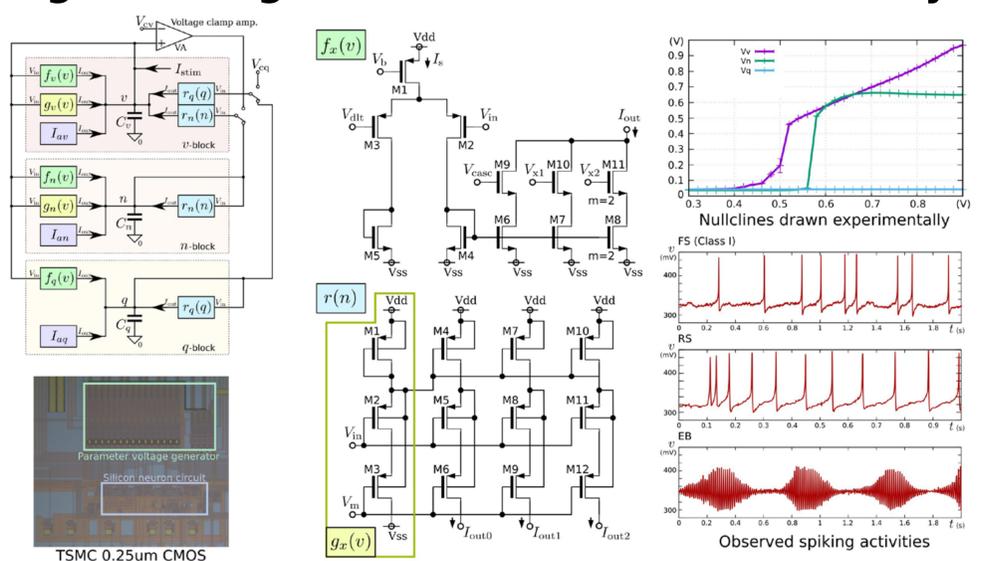
Applicable to neuro-prosthesis

Analog neuromimetic circuits designed using nonlinear mathematics theory.

Ultralow-power

- 7nW / neuron
- 2pW / synapse
- 0.25μm CMOS process
- Power supply voltage 1V

Supports important brain cells
7 types of cells including:
Regular Spiking cells
Fast Spiking cells
Elliptic Bursting cells



Towards reproduction of information processing in the brain

Biologically realistic models that differ from machine learning models such as deep learning.
Spatio-temporal pattern detection from noisy spike trains by single layer network with lateral inhibition (proposed by Masquelier)
“Autonomously finding needles in haystack”

