# SEZAKI LAB

# [Urban Sensing and Mobility Analysis]

Center for Spatial Information Science

Information and Communication Engineering

Socio-cultural Environmental Studies

http://www.mcl.iis.u-tokyo.ac.jp

### **Capturing Human Mobility Using Bluetooth**

#### Purpose

• Developing low-cost method to

#### A BR/EDR LE

# Modulating

- Propagation Carrier

**Diffusive-DNA-Based Molecular Communication** 





sense human mobility using Bluetooth

#### **Technologies**

- Congestion sensing by detecting **Bluetooth devices**
- Direction detection by observing transition of signal strength of Bluetooth Low Energy beacon

#### **Applications**

- Managing and reducing congestion of indoor facilities
- Understanding human mobility in disaster to support evacuation



Relationship between number of counted people and number of detected Bluetooth device at Makuhari Messe



Observed received signal strength indication (RSSI) of

### Understanding Urban Mobility Using Smart Card Data

Grasp the patterns of passengers' movement in Kotoden by using Nonnegative Matrix and Tensor Factorizations (NMF, NTF).



## **Nature Environment Monitor Research** Using LPWAN

A study on the location information of a zone where it is difficult for people to step on continuously. Animals do sensing in place of people. Research on location information for natural environment monitoring



# **Estimating Reconstruction Accuracy of Data Perturbation in Mobile Sensing**

### **Data Perturbation**

• A technique to protect privacy by randomizing observed sensor values by each user before sending to a server. The server restore only statistical information from a collection of randomized sensor data.

- Estimate reconstruction accuracy assuming spatiotemporal correlation of the original data.
- Did an field experiment of mobile environmental sensing in Shibuya,



## **Relay Virtual Reality Networks**

Users in virtual reality (VR) playgrounds wear wireless head mounted displays that use millimeter wave technology for



# Matching Failures 0.8 % 0.7



